

Appendix B – Risk Review Extract

ESPO

Risk Ref	Category	Risk Description	Consequences / Impact	Risk Owner	Inherent Risk Score			Risk Action Tolerate / Treat / Transfer / Terminate	List of Current Controls / Actions Embedded and operating soundly	Residual Risk			Risk Action Tolerate / Treat / Transfer / Terminate	Further Action / Additional Controls	Action Owner	Action Target Date	Date	Inherent Risk	Residual Risk	
					Impact	Likelihood	Score			Impact	Likelihood	Score								
2	Stores Trading and Brand	Web - Failure to meet customers' expectations or requirements leading to loss of business	1. Reduction in the sales of products and use of services. 2. Income falls below economic levels required to support current operational needs. 3. Threat to MTFS	AD Business Development	5	3	15	Treat	1. Rolling review of Customer Offer 2. Web development digital roadmap 3. Various customer satisfaction surveys and analysis of feedback. 4. Weekly reviews of operating and financial KPIs 5. Benchmarking against other public & private sector competitors. 6. Complaint procurement	1. Key website operating KPIs (visits, transactions, sales, procurement downloads, CAA, CDA) 2. Customer feedback and satisfaction levels 3. If analysis of competitor websites identifies key new functionality or services being offered.	4	3	12	Treat	Deliver website development project. Key upcoming milestones include: - To ensure that we are always on a supported version of Adobe Commerce - Commence delivery of PushOn rolling improvements, including launch of Klevu live search and re-merchandising site - Deliver customer experience (and My Account) functionality (Dec 23) including ability to pay invoices online - SEO optimisation - ongoing - E-procurement integration into website (Jan 24) - New Digital Support Officer role will help mitigate single point of failure - been recruited to and postholder will start in Nov 23.	Head of Marketing	Ongoing	13.11.23	High	Med
25	Stores Trading and Brand	Increased competition including Amazon & CCS	1. Possible implications on business volume, reputation, new business and on trading results in the Catalogue business 2. Through collaboration with CCS and YPO: CCS is dominating the management of such contracts (MFDs) including the management of the rebates; ensuring security of the income stream is becoming a threat to ESPO's business model. 3. Amazon: moving deliberately into the public sector space, and focusing on education as a key area, Amazon have expressed interest widely within the market place at becoming more than an ad hoc supplier to schools of all levels, expressing their intention to partner with, or secure suppliers who have tailored offering for the sector.	AD Business Development	4	4	16	Treat	1. Working with suppliers and customers to improve the 'offering', facilitating this relationship through capturing and using business intelligence and managing this 'knowledge'. 2. Continue seeking efficiencies through international sourcing. 3. Amazon: Continue to market our 'not for private profit' credentials and continue to craft our ranges to offer the very best solution to all tiers of education from our stock and directs position. To explore collaboration with our PPO neighbours to ensure opportunities are not missed in securing market share dominance on key lines such as paper, glue sticks and exercise books. 4. Website Development. 5. Use of BESA benchmarking for ongoing market share data. 6. Continue to make frameworks easier to access. 7. Develop ETL framework offering for diversity of customer base. 8. Work with DfE to promote our offer. 9. Develop proposals to DfE showing savings on key categories or products 10. Ensure that BESA provide challenge to DfE for their	1. Changes to key customers' buying (as highlighted at Weekly Trading) 2. Fluctuations in rebate income (as highlighted at Weekly Trading) 3. Stalling of e-commerce uptake trends (as highlighted in IT update) 4. Amazon: Reduction in traditional stationary and direct electrical item sales at category level. 5. Tertiary customer research and feedback 6. Competitive mapping for frameworks, including new threats from Bloom and CCS expansion. 7. Staff migration to competitors. 8. Market insight data from BESA, C3 and EdCo	5	2	10	Treat	1. Review loyalty scheme - increased requirement on income streams 2. Robust sales and marketing strategy to be developed to reflect the heightened competition in this sector and to support the revised MTFS. 3. Review of Customer Offer 4. MATs package 5. Review tertiary research. 6. Keep a close eye on developments in the market & particularly on CCS & Amazon. 7. Continue to look out for member authority frameworks that duplicate ESPO's offering. 8. Keep abreast of speculative frameworks that could take business from ESPO frameworks. 9. Continue to explore and maximise exporting opportunities. 10. Review approach to recruitment and retention of key procurement/commercial staff. 11. Consider bidding for the CCS fall spend tender next time issued 12. Work with DfE on a set of proposals to show savings to schools on specific products.	AD Procurement & Commercial	Ongoing	13.11.23 Reviewed - Controls/actions and risk indicators updated. DfE are proposing to offer all schools access to Amazon Business via YPO solution. Amazon/DfE update paper going to Management Committee in March and COS at next cycle. Working with BESA to disrupt DfE/Amazon proposal. The team continue to regularly benchmark key products.	High	Med
78	Supply chain	Supply chain risk - including corona virus, Brexit and Conflict in Europe	1. Stock supply shortages for products or components that are made in Far East. With consequential effects in UK manufacturers production capability. 2. Staff shortages in all ESPO functional areas due to high sickness rates. 3. School closures to reduce infection spread. 4. Overall economic impact on ESPO's business activities due to sluggish restoration of international supply chain. 5. Buying price risk due to increased freight costs may mean a reduced margin. 6. Driver shortage in the market could affect deliveries to ESPO and our ability to deliver to our customers on time.  • Staff competency and not adhering to controls in place. • All risks as identified previously coming to fruition due to further restrictions introduced. • Supply chain disruption in the event of further lockdowns both in UK and Worldwide. • On-going school closures / partial closures.	Director	4	4	16	Treat	1. Set up an internal team tasked with managing ESPO's activities and communications in response to the health crisis. 2. Monitor updates and advice from WHO and UK government. 3. Maintain regular communications with customers, staff and stakeholders. 4. ESPO continue to promote good handwashing and hygiene practices and have increased the availability of antibacterial wipes and cleaning equipment. Contracted cleaning contractors disinfect door handles and hand rails as part of our contract. 5. Should a member of staff contract coronavirus ESPO will liaise with PHE directly at County Hall and follow any recommendations. 6. Should isolation be required our Smarter Working Policy provides guidance on staff working from home and where necessary individual risk assessments will be completed. In the event there is a requirement for an extended number of staff to work from home all available lap-tops provide to staff across the business will be recalled and distributed accordingly. 7. Assess suppliers shortages through daily phone contact by Stock Optimisation team. 8. Work closely with staff agency partners to source staff across the logistics, procurement and financial sectors. 9. Continue to manage supply chain risk through Supply Chain Panel, PAG and CMG. 10. CMG and Contracts Panel will be made aware of price increases and impacts assessed by Finance 11. Aim to resist price increase 'within year' 12. Mitigate increases through connection - re-sourcing	1. Weekly stock availability reports with supplier shortages and failed customer orders. 2. Weekly staff sickness records attributable to the coronavirus. 3. Weekly trading analysis • Continued enforcement of existing controls by managers • Continued staff briefings and reminders. • On-going Covid-19 secure monitoring by ESPO Health and Safety Advisor and LCC.	4	4	16	Tolerate	1. Align staff policies to LCC guidelines. 2. Assess trading impact on financial forecasts. 3. Understanding of alternative sources of catalogue products. 4. Regular meetings of the internal team. 5. Ongoing communications with all relevant parties through web site, weekly comms and formal reports. 04.03.2020 ESPO update on Coronavirus Report discussed at Mgmt. Committee. 05.03.2020 Teleconference with LCC. • All risk assessments and guidance fully aligned with LCC. • Internal meetings took place regularly during height of pandemic. Frequency reduced due to new 'BAU'. Would resume if required. • Comms on-going • Forthcoming work on building modifications and a new people strategy to support new ways of working.	Director	Ongoing	15.6.22 Post risk meeting - residual risk increased to high reflecting discussion about changes (and risk of further changes) in global trading conditions.	High	High
79	IT	IT Cyber Security - Range of cyber security threats (Note - separate IT specific risk register maintained and overseen by Internal ITDG committee)	Failure to adequately protect ESPO networks, systems and data from malicious attack could lead to a range of potential consequences, including: financial; reputational; operational; legal impacts or other losses.	AD Operations & IT	5	4	20	Treat	Range of protections/controls in place, including (but not limited to): 1) Firewalls (outer defences, controlling the border of ESPO network) 2) Automated Threat Protection system (assesses various incoming data (e.g. emails) for potential threats) 3) Antivirus software (Prevents known viruses from executing on ESPO devices) 4) Authentication systems (Controls who can access ESPO systems and data) 5) Staff education (Reduces risk of successful phishing attack) 6) Anti-Ransomware backup solution (prevents hackers from encrypting our backups) 7) External security controls Audit (Highlights areas of concern in ESPO security systems) 8) Penetration testing (probes the ESPO network for	1) Firewall logs (contain details on network traffic, including hostile attacks on the ESPO network) 2) Firewall Reports (Daily, weekly, monthly reports on network traffic) 3) External security support partner monitoring (Various support partners issue regular threat alerts) 4) various event logging - systems that monitor and alert on potential concerns (this is a weak area for ESPO and will be reviewed) (Needs further expansion)	4	4	16	Treat	IT action plan created and enhanced following the cyber audit by LCC. This includes controls in place, and enhancements, including: - Creation of cyber security roadmap, specific risk register and incident response processes - New remote working policy including multi-factor authentication, revised password policy and technical measures for device authentication. - Penetration Testing - Disaster recovery policy, testing and third party support - Staff training and to improve awareness, competence and enhance the positive culture of reporting of issues/mistakes - Contracts with specialist 3rd parties to provide regular technical and emergency support - Working towards 'CyberEssentials+' accreditation - Maintenance and development of internal security procedures (e.g. the 2022 version upgrade of our ERP system) Sept 2022 Cyber Insurance policy extended for 1 year. Oct 2022 LT approved Incident Response Policy.	AD Operations & IT	Q1 2021/ongoing	Nov 2023 Migration taking place from Pulse to Microsoft Always On VPN.	High	High
60	Procurement - Compliance	The Procurement Bill contains areas of potential risk for ESPO. Lack of clarity around proposals at this stage adds to the concern. Main areas of concern are: Proposals for more flexible procurement procedures may devalue the protection afforded by frameworks. Customers may decide to procure themselves. More flexible procedures lacking detail - risk to ESPO if it attempts to pioneer use of these. Increased transparency rules bring greater administrative and compliance burdens and unclear expectations from Cabinet Office exposes contracting authorities to litigation risk. There is also a real risk that suppliers could become more emboldened to mount legal challenges to procurement decisions under the new regime and until it is fully tried and tested. The new Regulations will remain under review and therefore subject to change for at least two	Customers may choose to undertake their own procurements and not use frameworks - fall in rebate income. Risk of court challenge if new procedures used incorrectly. Current procurement structure may need reassessment to ensure compliance with transparency rules. Risk of being sued for inappropriate transparency or for not being transparent enough.	AD Procurement & Commercial	5	3	15	Treat	Monitoring contracts finder/ find a tender and closer monitoring of customer procurement pipelines Better engagement through CRM'S Continued engagement with legal advisors to gauge customer tendencies Carvass opinion from member authorities to understand what it means to them/what their intentions are. Manage customer messages to intensify the 'safe framework' message. ESPO stick with Open Procedure until new flexible procedures are clarified and tested. Ensure procurement team is adequately resourced to ensure transparency compliance. Create a Transparency/Governance unit within procurement. Update processes & procedures to reflect new requirements.	Fill down in number of customers using our frameworks. Insufficient resource to manage increased administration required.	5	3	15	Treat	1. Develop ESPO's procurement strategy to take account of the newly released National Procurement Policy Statement 2. Work closely with LCC and other PBOs to develop joint approach. 3. Through chairmanship of the PBO forum ensure that representatives from the Cabinet Office attend to provide regular updates on policy in relation to the Procurement Bill development. 4. Ensure that ESPO has representation on the planned Cabinet Office training advisory body for new procurement rules - push for central funding. 5. Put in place an ESPO procurement steering group to support the transition to new ways of working 6. Ensure adequate legal resource is in place from LCC to support the transition to new procurement rules. 7. Ensure new processes and governance procedures remain under review and in-step with changes to the new Regulations. 8. Continue to invest in staff	AD Procurement & Commercial		13/11/2023 Bill now has Royal Assent. Procurement Steering Group continues to work through White Paper as a working group to redesign processes and possibly re-structure to ensure readiness. We have responded to the Cabinet Office consultation exercise on the draft regulations and guidance. We continue to review the draft bill. NFA	High	High
88	IT	Framework CRM database - Supporting E9M+ rebate and £2.5bn+ customer spend Risk of high dependence on bespoke ESPO developed system and knowledge with one individual within IT.	ESPO risks are: 1. Reduced visibility of framework sales data/MI, by customer/sector etc. 2. Reduced ability to forecast rebate income ranges. 3. Potential to adversely impact rebate income. 4. Increased manual workload for procurement teams. 5. Member dividend is based on top frameworks which will not be ascertainable if there is no access to the database. 6. Current database doesn't hold framework details on MSTAR, Washroom	AD Procurement & Commercial	5	4	20	Treat	1. Tested process for system use. 2. Some data is held within procurement teams at supplier level only. 3. Finance and Commercial teams hold high level framework rebate information. 4. Spirit project to expand data management is currently underway.	1. Actual Income to be monitored against forecast and variances reviewed. 2. Delays in provision of MI and/or agreement on rebate levels with suppliers. 3. Reviews between Commercial team and Procurement teams. 4. Reviews between Commercial and Finance team. 5. Status of the Spirit project	4	3	12	Treat	1. Implement new Spirit system. 2. Build a centrally held pipeline for customer spend. 3. Consider development of a supplier portal for uploading of MI from 2,500+ suppliers. 4. Consider automation of raising supplier invoices via Spirit CRM. 5. Consider business wide rollout of a CRM system. 6. Consider appointing a supplier to provide a rebate portal.	Head of Commercial		Nov 2023 no updates	High	Med
91	Governance and financial	Risk of warehouse extension overspend	1. Reduced cash reserves 2. Less appealing investment proposition	AD Finance	5	4	20	Treat	1. Procurement process with prices agreed and fixed where possible at the outset of contracting. 2. Regular reviews of the Cost Plan with the third party project manager (Pick Everard) and main contractor (Galliford Try)	1. Cost overruns agreed/expected evaluation at each stage of the tender process, and as the project progresses.	4	3	12	Treat	1. Continual evaluation of costs and investment appraisal through the Project Board 2. Clear specification for contractors and flexibility on ESPOs part to manage costs 3. Fast delivery plan once planning permission has been obtained	AD Finance	01/12/2022	24.11.23 - Regular oversight operationally and through the Project Board. Contingency remains in place and majority of the work has been tendered with no overspend currently expected.	High	Med

This page is intentionally left blank